



Low Power Triple and Quad Channels Digital Isolators

Check for Samples: [ISO7631FM](#), [ISO7640FM](#), [ISO7641FM](#), [ISO7631FC](#), [ISO7640FC](#), [ISO7641FC](#)

FEATURES

- Signaling Rate: 150 Mbps (M-Grade), 25 Mbps (C-Grade)
- Robust Design with Integrated Noise Filter (C-Grade)
- Low Power Consumption, Typical I_{CC} per Channel (3.3V Supplies):
 - ISO7631FC: 1.5 mA at 10 Mbps
 - ISO7640FC: 1.1 mA at 10 Mbps
 - ISO7641FC: 1.3 mA at 10 Mbps
- Extremely low $I_{CC_disable}$ (C-Grade)
- Low Propagation Delay: 7 ns Typical (M-Grade)
- Output Defaults to Low-state in fail-safe mode
- Wide Temperature Range: -40°C to 125°C
- 50 KV/ μs Transient Immunity, Typical
- Long Life with SiO_2 Isolation barrier
- Operates From 2.7V (M-Grade), 3.3 V and 5 V Supply and Logic Levels
- Wide Body SOIC-16 Package

APPLICATIONS

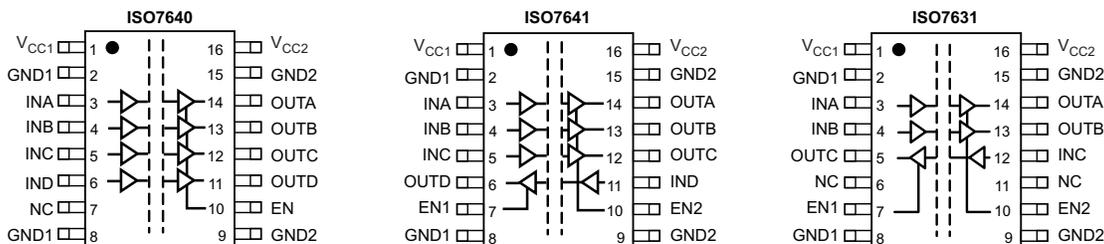
- Optocoupler Replacement in:
 - Industrial Fieldbus
 - Profibus
 - Modbus
 - DeviceNet™ Data Buses
 - Servo Control Interface
 - Motor Control
 - Power Supplies
 - Battery Packs

SAFETY AND REGULATORY APPROVALS

- 6000 V_{PK} / 4243 V_{RMS} for 1 Minute per UL 1577 (approved)
- VDE Approval for DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884 Rev. 2), 1414 V_{PK} Working Voltage (approved)
- CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A, IEC 60601-1 Medical Standard (approved)
- 5 KV_{RMS} Reinforced Insulation per TUV for EN/UL/CSA 60950-1 and EN/UL/CSA 61010-1 (approved)

DESCRIPTION

ISO7631F, ISO7640F and ISO7641F provide galvanic isolation up to 6 KV_{PK} for 1 minute per UL and VDE. These devices are also certified up to 5 KV_{RMS} Reinforced isolation at a working voltage of 400 V_{RMS} per end equipment standards EN/UL/CSA 60950-1 and 61010-1. ISO7631F has 3 channels with two forward and one reverse direction channels. ISO7640F and ISO7641F are quad channel isolators; ISO7640F has four forward and ISO7641F has three forward and one reverse direction channels. Suffix F indicates that output defaults to Low-state in fail-safe conditions (see [Table 1](#)). M-Grade devices are high speed isolators capable of 150 Mbps data rate with fast propagation delays whereas C-Grade devices can run up to 25 Mbps data rate with low power consumption and integrated filters for noise-prone applications. C-Grade devices are recommended for lower speed applications where input noise pulses of less than 10 ns duration need to be suppressed or lower power consumption is critical.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

DESCRIPTION CONTINUED

Each isolation channel has a logic input and output buffer separated by a silicon dioxide (SiO₂) insulation barrier. Used in conjunction with isolated power supplies, these devices prevent noise currents on a data bus or other circuits from entering the local ground and interfering with or damaging sensitive circuitry. The devices have TTL input thresholds and can operate from 2.7 V (M-Grade), 3.3 V and 5 V supplies. All inputs are 5 V tolerant when supplied from 3.3 V or 2.7 V supplies.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| NAME | PIN | | | I/O | DESCRIPTION |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----|---|
| | ISO7640 | ISO7641 | ISO7631 | | |
| INA | 3 | 3 | 3 | I | Input, channel A |
| INB | 4 | 4 | 4 | I | Input, channel B |
| INC | 5 | 5 | 12 | I | Input, channel C |
| IND | 6 | 11 | - | I | Input, channel D |
| OUTA | 14 | 14 | 14 | O | Output, channel A |
| OUTB | 13 | 13 | 13 | O | Output, channel B |
| OUTC | 12 | 12 | 5 | O | Output, channel C |
| OUTD | 11 | 6 | - | O | Output, channel D |
| EN | 10 | - | - | I | Enables (when input is High or Open) or Disables (when input is Low) OUTA, OUTB, OUTC and OUTD of ISO7640 |
| EN1 | - | 7 | 7 | I | Enables (when input is High or Open) or Disables (when input is Low) OUTD of ISO7641 and OUTC of ISO7631 |
| EN2 | - | 10 | 10 | I | Enables (when input is High or Open) or Disables (when input is Low) OUTA, OUTB, and OUTC of ISO7641 Enables (when input is High or Open) or Disables (when input is Low) OUTA and OUTB of ISO7631 |
| V _{CC1} | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | Power supply, V _{CC1} |
| V _{CC2} | 16 | 16 | 16 | - | Power supply, V _{CC2} |
| GND1 | 2,8 | 2,8 | 2,8 | - | Ground connection for V _{CC1} |
| GND2 | 9,15 | 9,15 | 9,15 | - | Ground connection for V _{CC2} |
| NC | 7 | - | 6,11 | - | No Connect pins are floating with no internal connection |

Table 1. FUNCTION TABLE⁽¹⁾

| INPUT V _{CC} | OUTPUT V _{CC} | INPUT (IN _x) | OUTPUT ENABLE (EN _x) | OUTPUT (OUT _x) |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| PU | PU | H | H or Open | H |
| | | L | H or Open | L |
| | | X | L | Z |
| | | Open | H or Open | L |
| PD | PU | X | H or Open | L |
| PD | PU | X | L | Z |
| PU | PD | X | X | Z |

(1) PU = Powered Up (V_{CC} ≥ 2.7 V); PD = Powered Down (V_{CC} ≤ 2.4 V); X = Irrelevant; H = High Level; L = Low Level; Z = High Impedance

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| PRODUCT | RATED ISOLATION | PACKAGE | INPUT THRESHOLD | DATA RATE and FILTER | CHANNEL DIRECTION | MARKED AS | ORDERING NUMBER |
|---------------------|--|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| ISO7631FM | 6 KV _{PK} / 5 KV _{RMS} ⁽¹⁾ | DW-16 | 1.5 V TTL (CMOS Compatible) | 150 Mbps, No Noise Filter | 2 Forward, 1 Reverse | ISO7631FM | ISO7631FMDW (rail) |
| ISO7631FMDWR (reel) | | | | | | | |
| ISO7640FM | | | | | 4 Forward, 0 Reverse | ISO7640FM | ISO7640FMDW (rail) |
| | | | | | | | ISO7640FMDWR (reel) |
| ISO7641FM | | | | 3 Forward, 1 Reverse | ISO7641FM | ISO7641FMDW (rail) | |
| ISO7641FMDWR (reel) | | | | | | | |
| ISO7631FC | | | | 2 Forward, 1 Reverse | ISO7631FC | ISO7631FCDW (rail) | |
| | | | | | | ISO7631FCDWR (reel) | |
| ISO7640FC | 4 Forward, 0 Reverse | ISO7640FC | ISO7640FCDW (rail) | | | | |
| | | | ISO7640FCDWR (reel) | | | | |
| ISO7641FC | 3 Forward, 1 Reverse | ISO7641FC | ISO7641FCDW (rail) | | | | |
| ISO7641FCDWR (reel) | | | | | | | |
| ISO7640FC | 25 Mbps, Integrated Noise Filter | ISO7640FC | ISO7640FCDW (rail) | | | | |
| ISO7640FCDWR (reel) | | | | | | | |
| ISO7641FC | 25 Mbps, Integrated Noise Filter | ISO7641FC | ISO7641FCDW (rail) | | | | |
| ISO7641FCDWR (reel) | | | | | | | |

(1) See the [Regulatory Information](#) table for detailed isolation ratings.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

| PARAMETER | VALUE | | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | MIN | MAX | |
| Supply voltage ⁽²⁾ | V_{CC1}, V_{CC2} | | V |
| Voltage | INx, OUTx, ENx | | V |
| Output Current, I_O | | | ±15 mA |
| Electrostatic discharge | Human Body Model | ESDA, JEDEC JS-001-2012 | ±4 kV |
| | Field-Induced Charged Device Model | JEDEC JESD22-C101E | ±1.5 kV |
| | Machine Model | JEDEC JESD22-A115-A | ±200 V |
| Maximum junction temperature, T_J | | | 150 °C |
| Storage temperature, T_{STG} | | | -65 150 °C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values except differential I/O bus voltages are with respect to the local ground terminal (GND1 or GND2) and are peak voltage values.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| PARAMETER | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------|----------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{CC1}, V_{CC2} | M-Grade | 2.7 | 5.5 | V |
| | | C-Grade | 3 | 5.5 | |
| High-level output current | I_{OH} | -4 | | | mA |
| Low-level output current | I_{OL} | | | 4 | mA |
| High-level input voltage | V_{IH} | 2 | | V_{CC} | V |
| Low-level input voltage | V_{IL} | 0 | | 0.8 | V |
| Input pulse duration | t_{ui} | M-Grade: ≥3V-Operation | 6.67 | | ns |
| | | M-Grade: <3V-Operation | 10 | | |
| | | C-Grade: ≥3V-Operation | 40 | | |
| Signaling rate | $1 / t_{ui}$ | M-Grade: ≥3V-Operation | 0 | 150 | Mbps |
| | | M-Grade: <3V-Operation | 0 | 100 | |
| | | C-Grade: ≥3V-Operation | 0 | 25 | |
| Junction temperature | T_J | -40 | | 136 | °C |
| Ambient temperature | T_A | -40 | 25 | 125 | °C |

THERMAL INFORMATION

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | | ISO76xx | UNITS |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--------|
| | | DW (16 Pins) | |
| θ_{JA} | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 72 | °C/W |
| $\theta_{JC(top)}$ | Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance | 38 | |
| θ_{JB} | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 39 | |
| Ψ_{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 9.4 | |
| Ψ_{JB} | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | n/a | |
| $\theta_{JC(bottom)}$ | Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance | n/a | |
| P_D | Maximum Device Power Dissipation | $V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5.5V, T_J = 150^\circ C, C_L = 15pF$ Input a 75 MHz 50% duty cycle square wave | 399 mW |

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at $5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----|-------------------|
| PARAMETER | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -4\text{ mA}$; see Figure 1 | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.8$ | 4.8 | | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.8$ | 4.7 | | V |
| | | $I_{OH} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$; see Figure 1 | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.1$ | | 5 | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.1$ | | 5 | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$; see Figure 1 | | 0.2 | 0.4 | | 0.3 | 0.5 | V |
| | | $I_{OL} = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$; see Figure 1 | | 0 | 0.1 | | 0 | 0.1 | |
| $V_{I(HYS)}$ | Input threshold voltage hysteresis | | | 450 | | | 450 | mV | |
| I_{IH} | High-level input current | $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ at INx or ENx | | | 10 | | | 10 | μA |
| I_{IL} | Low-level input current | $V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ at INx or ENx | -10 | | | -10 | | | |
| CMTI | Common-mode transient immunity | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V ; see Figure 4 | 25 | 75 | | 25 | 75 | | kV/ μs |

(1) V_{CCx} is the supply voltage, V_{CC1} or V_{CC2} , for the output channel that is being measured.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at $5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------|-----|------|---------|-------|----------------------|---------------|
| PARAMETER | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time | See Figure 1 | 3.5 | 7 | 10.5 | 11 | 17 | 28 | ns |
| PWD ⁽¹⁾ | Pulse width distortion [$t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}$] | | | | 2 | | | 3 | |
| $t_{sk(o)}$ ⁽²⁾ | Channel-to-channel output skew time | Same-direction Channels | | | 2 | | | 3 | ns |
| | | Opposite-direction Channels | | | 3 | | | 4 | |
| $t_{sk(pp)}$ ⁽³⁾ | Part-to-part skew time | | | 4.5 | | | 13 | | |
| t_r | Output signal rise time | See Figure 1 | | 1.6 | | | 2.8 | | ns |
| t_f | Output signal fall time | | | 1 | | | 2.9 | | |
| t_{PHZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, high-to-high impedance output | See Figure 2 | | 5 | 16 | | 8 | 20 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, low-to-high impedance output | | | 5 | 16 | | 7 | 20 | |
| t_{PZH} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-high output | | | 4 | 16 | | 11000 | 22000 ⁽⁴⁾ | |
| t_{PZL} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-low output | | | 4 | 16 | | 8 | 20 | |
| t_{fs} | Fail-safe output delay time from input data or power loss | See Figure 3 | | 9.5 | | | 9 | | μs |

(1) Also known as Pulse Skew.

(2) $t_{sk(o)}$ is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.

(3) $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

(4) The enable signal rate for C-grade devices should be $\leq 45\text{ Kbps}$.

SUPPLY CURRENT

V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 5 V \pm 10% (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-----------------|-----|------|----------------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | 2.5 | | 4 | 1.1 | | 1.9 | mA | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 3.7 | | 5.4 | 1.5 | | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | 2.6 | | 4.1 | 1.8 | | 2.7 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 3.8 | | 5.5 | 2.6 | | 3.9 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | 3.3 | | 4.5 | 2.7 | | 3.7 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 4.9 | | 6.6 | 3.9 | | 5.3 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | 4.5 | | 6 | 4.1 | | 5.4 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 6.8 | | 9 | 5.9 | | 7.8 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | 15 | | 19.5 | Not Applicable | | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 22 | | 30 | Not Applicable | | | | |
| ISO7640F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | mA | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN = 0 V | 0.6 | | 1.2 | 0.6 | | | 1.2 |
| I_{CC2} | | 4.5 | | | 6.6 | 1.3 | | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | 0.7 | | 1.3 | 0.7 | | 1.3 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 4.6 | | 6.7 | 3 | | 4.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | 1.1 | | 2 | 1.3 | | 2 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 6.6 | | 10.5 | 5.2 | | 7 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | 1.9 | | 3 | 2.5 | | 3.6 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 9.7 | | 14.7 | 8.5 | | 11 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | 8.2 | | 14.5 | Not Applicable | | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 35 | | 58 | Not Applicable | | | | |
| ISO7641F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | mA | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | 2.6 | | 4.2 | 1.2 | | | 2.1 |
| I_{CC2} | | 4.2 | | | 6.8 | 1.6 | | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | 2.7 | | 4.3 | 1.8 | | 2.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 4.3 | | 6.9 | 3.1 | | 4.2 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | 3.6 | | 4.9 | 3 | | 4 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 6 | | 8.2 | 4.9 | | 6.1 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | 5.1 | | 6.6 | 4.8 | | 6 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 8.8 | | 11.4 | 7.7 | | 9.5 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | 17 | | 22 | Not Applicable | | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | 31 | | 42 | Not Applicable | | | | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC1} at $5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ and V_{CC2} at $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|-------------------|--|
| PARAMETER | | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -4\text{ mA}$; see Figure 1 | OUTx on V_{CC1} (5V) side | $V_{CC1} - 0.8$ | 4.8 | | $V_{CC1} - 0.8$ | 4.7 | | V | |
| | | | OUTx on V_{CC2} (3.3V) side | $V_{CC2} - 0.4$ | 3 | | $V_{CC2} - 0.6$ | 2.9 | | | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$; see Figure 1 | OUTx on V_{CC1} (5V) side | $V_{CC1} - 0.1$ | 5 | | $V_{CC1} - 0.1$ | 5 | | | |
| | | | OUTx on V_{CC2} (3.3V) side | $V_{CC2} - 0.1$ | 3.3 | | $V_{CC2} - 0.1$ | 3.3 | | | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$; see Figure 1 | | | 0.2 | 0.4 | | 0.3 | 0.5 | V | |
| | | $I_{OL} = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$; see Figure 1 | | | 0 | 0.1 | | 0 | 0.1 | | |
| $V_{I(HYS)}$ | Input threshold voltage hysteresis | | | | 430 | | | 430 | | mV | |
| I_{IH} | High-level input current | $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ at INx or ENx | | | | 10 | | | | μA | |
| I_{IL} | Low-level input current | $V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ at INx or ENx | | | -10 | | | -10 | | | |
| CMTI | Common-mode transient immunity | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V ; see Figure 4 | | | 25 | 50 | | 25 | 50 | kV/ μs | |

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC1} at $5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ and V_{CC2} at $3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|---------|-----|-----|---------|-------|----------------------|---------------|
| PARAMETER | | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time | See Figure 1 | | 4 | 8 | 13 | 11 | 18 | 32 | ns |
| PWD ⁽¹⁾ | Pulse width distortion $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $ | | | | | | 2 | | 3.5 | |
| $t_{sk(o)}$ ⁽²⁾ | Channel-to-channel output skew time | Same-direction Channels | | | | 2.5 | | 4.5 | | |
| | | Opposite-direction Channels | | | | 3.5 | | 5.5 | | |
| $t_{sk(pp)}$ ⁽³⁾ | Part-to-part skew time | | | | | 6 | | 15 | | |
| t_r | Output signal rise time | See Figure 1 | | | | 2 | | 3.6 | | ns |
| t_f | Output signal fall time | | | | | 1.2 | | 3.3 | | |
| t_{PHZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, high-to-high impedance output | See Figure 2 | | | | 6.5 | 17 | 9 | 20 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, low-to-high impedance output | | | | | 6.5 | 17 | 8 | 20 | |
| t_{PZH} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-high output | | | | | 5.5 | 17 | 11000 | 22000 ⁽⁴⁾ | |
| t_{PZL} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-low output | | | | | 5.5 | 17 | 10 | 30 | |
| t_{fs} | Fail-safe output delay time from input data or power loss | See Figure 3 | | | | 9.5 | | 8.5 | | μs |

- (1) Also known as Pulse Skew.
- (2) $t_{sk(o)}$ is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.
- (3) $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.
- (4) The enable signal rate for C-grade devices should be $\leq 45\text{ Kbps}$.

SUPPLY CURRENT

V_{CC1} at $5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ and V_{CC2} at $3.3\text{V} \pm 10\%$ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT | | |
|-----------|-----------------|---|---|---------|------|---------|----------------|-----|------|-----|----|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | 2.5 | 4 | | 1.1 | 1.9 | mA | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.7 | 3.7 | | 0.7 | 1.3 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 2.6 | 4.1 | | 1.8 | 2.7 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.8 | 3.8 | | 1.8 | 2.6 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 3.3 | 4.5 | | 2.7 | 3.7 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.5 | 4.6 | | 2.6 | 3.5 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 4.5 | 6 | | 4.1 | 5.4 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.7 | 5.9 | | 3.8 | 5 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | 15 | 19.5 | | Not Applicable | | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 14.6 | 19 | | Not Applicable | | | | |
| ISO7640F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN = 0 V | | 0.6 | 1.2 | | 0.6 | | 1.2 | mA |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 3.6 | 5.1 | | 0.6 | | 1.1 | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 0.7 | 1.3 | | 0.7 | | 1.3 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 3.7 | 5.2 | | 2.1 | 3.2 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | | 1.1 | 2 | | 1.3 | 2 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 5 | 7.1 | | 3.6 | 4.7 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 1.9 | 3 | | 2.5 | 3.6 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 6.9 | 11 | | 5.7 | 9 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | 8.2 | 14.5 | | Not Applicable | | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 24 | 40 | | Not Applicable | | | | |
| ISO7641F | | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | | 2.6 | 4.2 | | 1.2 | 2.1 | mA | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.2 | 4.9 | | 0.8 | 1.3 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 2.7 | 4.3 | | 1.8 | 2.8 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.3 | 5 | | 2 | 2.9 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 3.6 | 4.9 | | 3 | 4 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.4 | 5.8 | | 3.2 | 4.1 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 5.1 | 6.6 | | 4.8 | 6 | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 6.1 | 7.6 | | 5.1 | 7 | | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | 17 | 22 | | Not Applicable | | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 20.6 | 26.5 | | Not Applicable | | | | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC1} at 3.3V ± 10% and V_{CC2} at 5V ± 10% (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|---------|-----------------------|-----|-------|----|
| PARAMETER | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V _{OH} | High-level output voltage | I _{OH} = -4 mA; see Figure 1 | OUTx on V _{CC1} (3.3 V) side | V _{CC1} -0.4 | 3 | | V _{CC1} -0.6 | 2.9 | V | |
| | | | OUTx on V _{CC2} (5 V) side | V _{CC2} -0.8 | 4.8 | | V _{CC2} -0.8 | 4.7 | | |
| | | I _{OH} = -20 μA; see Figure 1 | OUTx on V _{CC1} (3.3 V) side | V _{CC1} -0.1 | 3.3 | | V _{CC1} -0.1 | 3.3 | | |
| | | | OUTx on V _{CC2} (5 V) side | V _{CC2} -0.1 | 5 | | V _{CC2} -0.1 | 5 | | |
| V _{OL} | Low-level output voltage | I _{OL} = 4 mA; see Figure 1 | | 0.2 | 0.4 | | 0.3 | 0.5 | V | |
| | | I _{OL} = 20 μA; see Figure 1 | | 0 | 0.1 | | 0 | 0.1 | | |
| V _{I(HYS)} | Input threshold voltage hysteresis | | 430 | | | 430 | | | mV | |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | V _{IH} = V _{CC} at INx or ENx | | 10 | | | 10 | | | μA |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current | V _{IL} = 0 V at INx or ENx | -10 | | | -10 | | | | |
| CMTI | Common-mode transient immunity | V _I = V _{CC} or 0 V; see Figure 4 | 25 | 50 | | 25 | 50 | | kV/μs | |

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC1} at 3.3 V ± 10% and V_{CC2} at 5 V ± 10% (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------|-----|------|----------------------------|------|-----|------|
| PARAMETER | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| t _{PLH} , t _{PHL} | Propagation delay time | See Figure 1 | 4 | 7.5 | 12.5 | 11 | 18.5 | 32 | ns |
| PWD ⁽¹⁾ | Pulse width distortion t _{PHL} - t _{PLH} | | | | 2 | | | 2.5 | |
| t _{sk(o)} ⁽²⁾ | Channel-to-channel output skew time | Same-direction Channels | 2.5 | | | 4.5 | | | |
| | | Opposite-direction Channels | 3.5 | | | 5.5 | | | |
| t _{sk(pp)} ⁽³⁾ | Part-to-part skew time | | 6 | | | 15 | | | |
| t _r | Output signal rise time | See Figure 1 | 1.7 | | | 2.9 | | | ns |
| t _f | Output signal fall time | | 1.1 | | | 2.9 | | | |
| t _{PHZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, high-to-high impedance output | See Figure 2 | 5.5 | | | 8 | | | ns |
| t _{PLZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, low-to-high impedance output | | 5.5 | | | 7 | | | |
| t _{PZH} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-high output | | 4.5 | | | 11000 22000 ⁽⁴⁾ | | | |
| t _{PZL} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-low output | | 4.5 | | | 8 | | | |
| t _{fs} | Fail-safe output delay time from input data or power loss | See Figure 3 | 9.5 | | | 7.5 | | | μs |

(1) Also known as Pulse Skew.

(2) t_{sk(o)} is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.

(3) t_{sk(pp)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

(4) The enable signal rate for C-grade devices should be ≤ 45 Kbps.

SUPPLY CURRENT

V_{CC1} at $3.3V \pm 10\%$ and V_{CC2} at $5V \pm 10\%$ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-----------------|-----|------|---------|----------------|------|------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | | 1.8 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 1.1 | mA |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 3.7 | 5.4 | 1.5 | 2.6 | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.8 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 3.8 | 5.5 | 2.6 | 3.9 | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | | 2.4 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 2.6 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 4.9 | 6.6 | 3.9 | 5.3 | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | | 3.2 | 4.2 | 2.7 | 3.6 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 6.8 | 9 | 5.9 | 7.8 | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | | 9.3 | 12.5 | Not Applicable | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 22 | 30 | Not Applicable | | |
| ISO7640F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN = 0 V | | | 0.35 | 0.7 | 0.35 | 0.7 |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.5 | 6.6 | 1.3 | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.8 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 4.6 | 6.7 | 3 | 4.6 | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.2 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 6.6 | 10.5 | 5.2 | 7 | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | | 1.1 | 2 | 1.5 | 2.2 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 9.7 | 14.7 | 8.5 | 11 | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | | 5 | 8.5 | Not Applicable | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 35 | 58 | Not Applicable | | |
| ISO7641F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | | 1.9 | 2.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.2 | 6.8 | 1.6 | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | | 2 | 3 | 1.2 | 1.9 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 4.3 | 6.9 | 3.1 | 4.2 | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2 | 2.8 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 6 | 8.2 | 4.9 | 6.1 | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | | 3.4 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 4 | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 8.8 | 11.4 | 7.7 | 9.5 | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | | 10.5 | 14.5 | Not Applicable | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | | 31 | 42 | Not Applicable | | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 3.3 V \pm 10% (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----|-------------|---------|
| PARAMETER | MIN | | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -4$ mA; see Figure 1 | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.4$ | 3 | | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.6$ | 2.9 | V | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -20$ μ A; see Figure 1 | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.1$ | 3.3 | | $V_{CCx}^{(1)} - 0.1$ | 3.3 | | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 4$ mA; see Figure 1 | | 0.2 | 0.4 | | 0.3 | 0.5 | V |
| | | $I_{OL} = 20$ μ A; see Figure 1 | | 0 | 0.1 | | 0 | 0.1 | |
| $V_{I(HYS)}$ | Input threshold voltage hysteresis | | | 425 | | | 425 | mV | |
| I_{IH} | High-level input current | $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ at INx or ENx | | | 10 | | | 10 | μ A |
| I_{IL} | Low-level input current | $V_{IL} = 0$ V at INx or ENx | -10 | | | -10 | | | |
| CMTI | Common-mode transient immunity | $V_i = V_{CC}$ or 0 V; see Figure 4 | 25 | 50 | | 25 | 50 | kV/ μ s | |

(1) V_{CCx} is the supply voltage, V_{CC1} or V_{CC2} , for the output channel that is being measured.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 3.3 V \pm 10% (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|-------|----------------------|------|
| PARAMETER | MIN | | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time | See Figure 1 | 4 | 8.5 | 14 | 12 | 23 | 35 | ns |
| PWD ⁽¹⁾ | Pulse width distortion [$t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}$] | | 2 | | | | | 3 | |
| $t_{sk(o)}$ ⁽²⁾ | Channel-to-channel output skew time | Same-direction Channels | | | 3 | | | 5 | |
| | | Opposite-direction Channels | | | 4 | | | 6 | |
| $t_{sk(pp)}$ ⁽³⁾ | Part-to-part skew time | | | 6.5 | | | 16 | | |
| t_r | Output signal rise time | See Figure 1 | | 2 | | | 3.7 | ns | |
| t_f | Output signal fall time | | | 1.3 | | | 3.4 | | |
| t_{PHZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, high-to-high impedance output | See Figure 2 | | 6.5 | 17 | | 9 | 20 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, low-to-high impedance output | | | 6.5 | 17 | | 8 | 20 | |
| t_{PZH} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-high output | | | 5.5 | 17 | | 11000 | 22000 ⁽⁴⁾ | |
| t_{PZL} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-low output | | | 5.5 | 17 | | 10 | 30 | |
| t_{fs} | Fail-safe output delay time from input data or power loss | See Figure 3 | | 9.2 | | | 7.5 | μ s | |

(1) Also known as Pulse Skew.

(2) $t_{sk(o)}$ is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.

(3) $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

(4) The enable signal rate for C-grade devices should be \leq 45 Kbps.

SUPPLY CURRENT

V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 3.3 V \pm 10% (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | UNIT | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-----------------|------|------|---------|----------------|------|------|-----|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | 1.8 | 2.8 | | 0.6 | 1.1 | mA | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.7 | 3.7 | | 0.7 | 1.3 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | 1.9 | 2.9 | | 1.2 | 1.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.8 | 3.8 | | 1.8 | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 2.4 | 3.4 | | 1.8 | 2.6 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.5 | 4.6 | | 2.6 | 3.5 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 3.2 | 4.2 | | 2.7 | 3.6 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.7 | 5.9 | | 3.8 | 5 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | 9.3 | 12.5 | | Not Applicable | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 14.6 | 19 | | Not Applicable | | | |
| ISO7640F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | mA | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN = 0 V | | 0.35 | 0.7 | | 0.35 | | 0.7 |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.6 | 5.1 | | 0.6 | 1.1 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | 0.4 | 0.8 | | 0.4 | 0.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.7 | 5.2 | | 2.1 | 3.2 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 0.7 | 1.2 | | 0.7 | 1.2 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 5 | 7.1 | | 3.6 | 4.7 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 1.1 | 2 | | 1.5 | 2.2 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 6.9 | 11 | | 5.7 | 9 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | 5 | 8.5 | | Not Applicable | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 24 | 40 | | Not Applicable | | | |
| ISO7641F | | | M-Grade | | | C-Grade | | | mA | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | 1.9 | 2.9 | | 0.7 | | 1.1 |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.2 | 4.9 | | 0.8 | 1.3 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | 2 | 3 | | 1.2 | 1.9 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.3 | 5 | | 2 | 2.9 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 2.5 | 3.5 | | 2 | 2.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.4 | 5.8 | | 3.2 | 4.1 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 3.4 | 4.5 | | 3.1 | 4 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 6.1 | 7.6 | | 5.1 | 7 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 150 Mbps | | | 10.5 | 14.5 | | Not Applicable | | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 20.6 | 26.5 | | Not Applicable | | | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 2.7 V⁽¹⁾ (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----|-----|-------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -4$ mA; see Figure 1 | $V_{CC}^{(2)} - 0.5$ | 2.4 | | V |
| | | $I_{OH} = -20$ μ A; see Figure 1 | $V_{CC}^{(2)} - 0.1$ | 2.7 | | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 4$ mA; see Figure 1 | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| | | $I_{OL} = 20$ μ A; see Figure 1 | | 0 | 0.1 | |
| $V_{I(HYS)}$ | Input threshold voltage hysteresis | | | 350 | | mV |
| I_{IH} | High-level input current | $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ at INx or ENx | | | 10 | μ A |
| I_{IL} | Low-level input current | $V_{IL} = 0$ V at INx or ENx | -10 | | | |
| CMTI | Common-mode transient immunity | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V; see Figure 4 | 25 | 50 | | kV/ μ s |

(1) Only M-Grade devices are recommended for operation down to 2.7 V supplies. For 2.7 V-operation, max data rate is 100 Mbps.

(2) V_{CCx} is the supply voltage, V_{CC1} or V_{CC2} , for the output channel that is being measured.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 2.7 V (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| ISO7631F, ISO7640F, ISO7641F | | TEST CONDITIONS | M-Grade | | | UNIT |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| t_{PLH}, t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time | See Figure 1 | 5 | 8 | 16 | ns |
| PWD ⁽¹⁾ | Pulse width distortion $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $ | | | | 2.5 | |
| $t_{sk(o)}$ ⁽²⁾ | Channel-to-channel output skew time | Same-direction Channels | | | 4 | ns |
| | | Opposite-direction Channels | | | 5 | |
| $t_{sk(pp)}$ ⁽³⁾ | Part-to-part skew time | | | | 8 | |
| t_r | Output signal rise time | See Figure 1 | | 2.3 | | ns |
| t_f | Output signal fall time | | | 1.8 | | |
| t_{PHZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, high-to-high impedance output | See Figure 2 | | 8 | 18 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | Disable Propagation Delay, low-to-high impedance output | | | 8 | 18 | |
| t_{PZH} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-high output | | | 7 | 18 | |
| t_{PZL} | Enable Propagation Delay, high impedance-to-low output | | | 7 | 18 | |
| t_{fs} | Fail-safe output delay time from input data or power loss | See Figure 3 | | 8.5 | | μ s |

(1) Also known as Pulse Skew.

(2) $t_{sk(o)}$ is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.

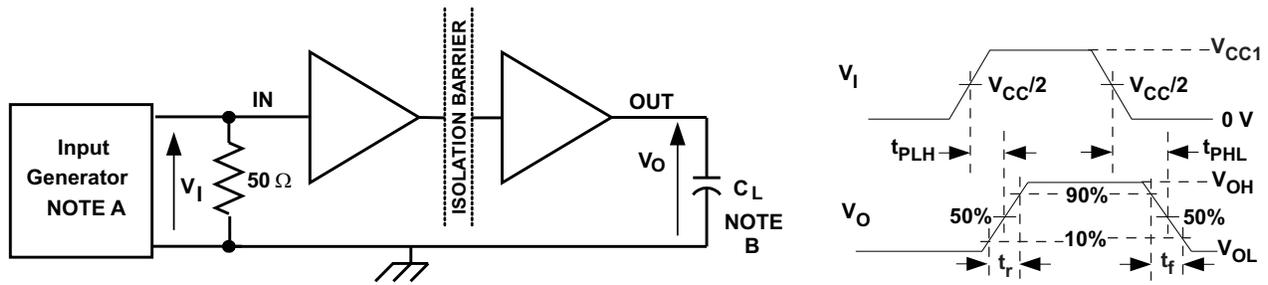
(3) $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

SUPPLY CURRENT

V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} at 2.7 V (over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

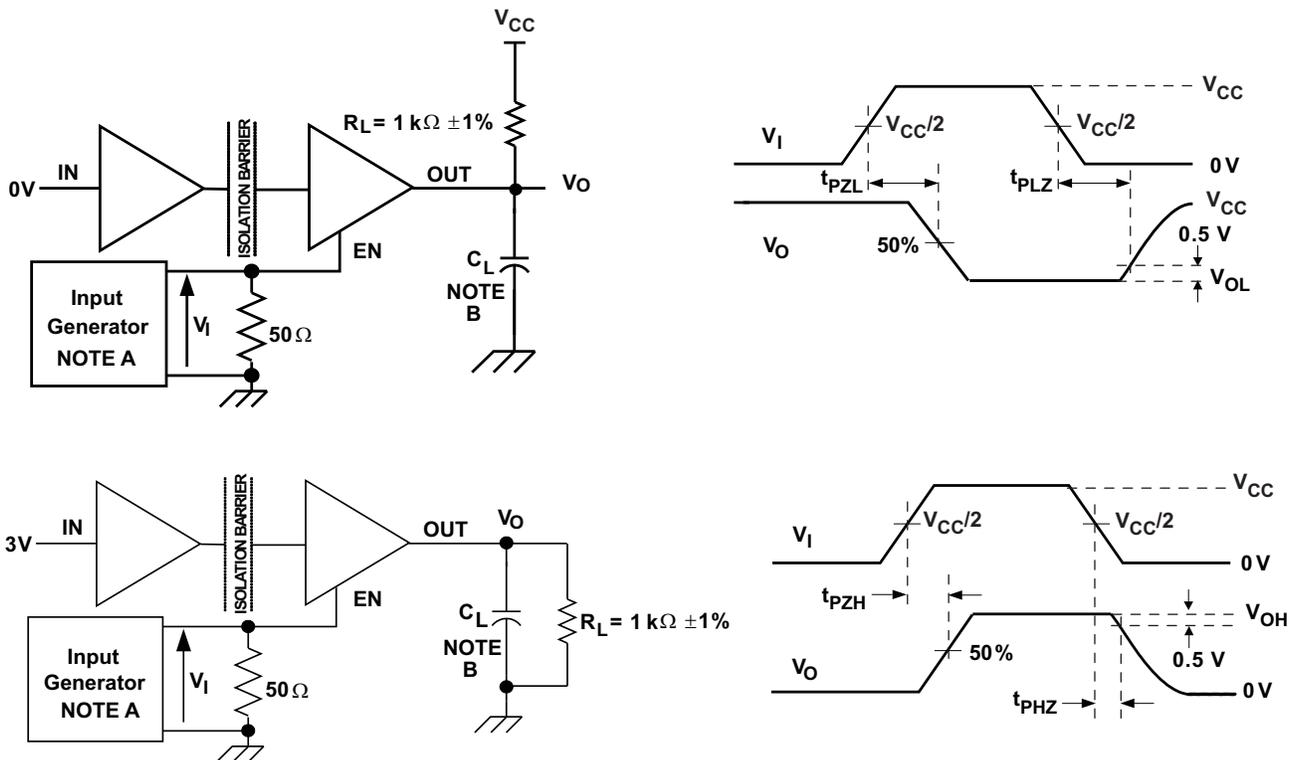
| ISO7631F | | | M-Grade | | | UNIT | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|-----------------|------|------|------|-----|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | 1.5 | 2.4 | mA | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.2 | 3.2 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | 1.6 | 2.5 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.3 | 3.2 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 2 | 2.9 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3 | 3.9 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 2.7 | 3.7 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.9 | 4.9 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 100 Mbps | | | 5.7 | 6.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 8.6 | 12 | | |
| ISO7640F | | | M-Grade | | | UNIT | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN = 0 V | | 0.2 | | 0.6 |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.3 | 5 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | 0.2 | 0.7 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.4 | 5.1 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 0.4 | 1.1 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 4.4 | 6.8 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 0.8 | 1.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 6 | 9.5 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 100 Mbps | | | 2.7 | 5 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 14.2 | 21 | | |
| ISO7641F | | | M-Grade | | | UNIT | |
| I_{CC1} | Disable | | EN1 = EN2 = 0 V | | 1.6 | | 2.4 |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.8 | 4.1 | | |
| I_{CC1} | DC to 1 Mbps | DC Signal: $V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0 V, AC Signal: All channels switching with square wave clock input; $C_L = 15$ pF | | 1.7 | 2.5 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 2.9 | 4.2 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 10 Mbps | | | 2.1 | 3 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 3.8 | 5 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 25 Mbps | | | 2.8 | 3.8 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 5.2 | 6.7 | | |
| I_{CC1} | 100 Mbps | | | 6.4 | 7.5 | | |
| I_{CC2} | | | | 11.8 | 15.5 | | |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 50 kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 3$ ns, $t_f \leq 3$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$. At the input, 50Ω resistor is required to terminate Input Generator signal. It is not needed in actual application.
- B. $C_L = 15$ pF and includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

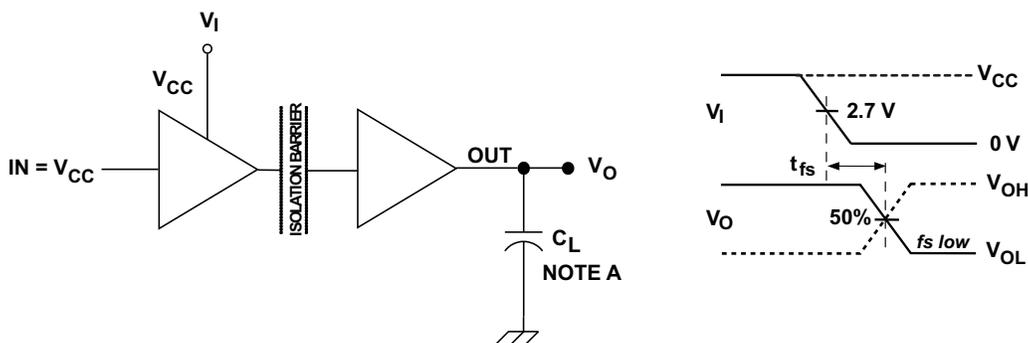
Figure 1. Switching Characteristics Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 3$ ns, $t_f \leq 3$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- B. $C_L = 15$ pF and includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

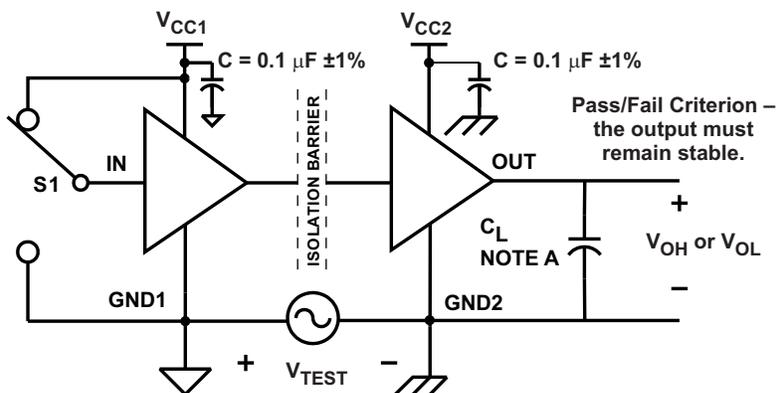
Figure 2. Enable/Disable Propagation Delay Time Test Circuit and Waveform

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



A. $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ and includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Figure 3. Failsafe Delay Time Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



A. $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ and includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Figure 4. Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit

DEVICE INFORMATION
IEC INSULATION AND SAFETY-RELATED SPECIFICATIONS FOR DW-16 PACKAGE

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------------------|--|---|-------|-------------------|-----|------|
| L(I01) | Minimum air gap (Clearance) | Shortest terminal to terminal distance through air | 8.3 | | | mm |
| L(I02) ⁽¹⁾ | Minimum external tracking (Creepage) | Shortest terminal to terminal distance across the package surface | 8.1 | | | mm |
| CTI | Tracking resistance (Comparative Tracking Index) | DIN IEC 60112 / VDE 0303 Part 1 | ≥400 | | | V |
| | Minimum Internal Gap (Internal Clearance) | Distance through the insulation | 0.014 | | | mm |
| R _{IO} ⁽²⁾ | Isolation resistance, Input to Output | V _{IO} = 500 V, T _A < 100°C | | >10 ¹² | | Ω |
| | | V _{IO} = 500 V, 100°C ≤ T _A ≤ max | | >10 ¹¹ | | |
| C _{IO} ⁽²⁾ | Barrier capacitance, Input to Output | V _I = 0.4 sin (2πft), f = 1MHz | | 2 | | pF |
| C _I ⁽³⁾ | Input capacitance | V _I = V _{CC} /2 + 0.4 sin (2πft), f = 1MHz, V _{CC} = 5 V | | 2 | | pF |

- (1) Per JEDEC package dimensions.
(2) All pins on each side of the barrier tied together creating a two-terminal device.
(3) Measured from input pin to ground.

NOTE

Creepage and clearance requirements should be applied according to the specific equipment isolation standards of an application. Care should be taken to maintain the creepage and clearance distance of a board design to ensure that the mounting pads of the isolator on the printed circuit board do not reduce this distance.

Creepage and clearance on a printed circuit board become equal according to the measurement techniques shown in the Isolation Glossary. Techniques such as inserting grooves and/or ribs on a printed circuit board are used to help increase these specifications.

**Table 2. DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884 TEIL 2) INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS⁽¹⁾
over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)**

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | SPECIFICATION | UNIT |
|-------------------|---|---|------------------|-------------------|
| V _{IORM} | Maximum working insulation voltage ⁽²⁾ | | 1414 | V _{PEAK} |
| V _{PR} | Input-to-output test voltage | After Input/Output safety test subgroup 2/3, V _{PR} = V _{IORM} × 1.2, t = 10 s, Partial discharge < 5 pC | 1697 | V _{PEAK} |
| | | Method a, After environmental tests subgroup 1, V _{PR} = V _{IORM} × 1.6, t = 10 s, Partial Discharge < 5 pC | 2262 | |
| | | Method b1, 100% Production test V _{PR} = V _{IORM} × 1.875, t = 1 s Partial discharge < 5 pC | 2652 | |
| V _{IOTM} | Maximum transient overvoltage | V _{TEST} = V _{IOTM} t = 60 sec (Qualification) t = 1 sec (100% Production) | 6000 | V _{PEAK} |
| R _S | Insulation resistance | V _{IO} = 500 V at T _S | >10 ⁹ | Ω |
| | Pollution degree | | 2 | |

- (1) Climatic Classification 40/125/21
(2) For applications that require DC working voltages between GND1 and GND2, please contact Texas Instruments for further details.

Table 3. IEC 60664-1 RATINGS TABLE

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | SPECIFICATION |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------|
| Basic Isolation Group | Material Group | II |
| Installation classification | Rated mains voltage $\leq 300 V_{RMS}$ | I–IV |
| | Rated mains voltage $\leq 600 V_{RMS}$ | I–III |
| | Rated mains voltage $\leq 1000 V_{RMS}$ | I–II |

REGULATORY INFORMATION

| VDE | TUV | CSA | UL |
|--|---|--|---|
| Certified according to DIN EN 60747-5-2 | Certified according to EN/UL/CSA 60950-1 and 61010-1 | Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice #5A | Recognized under 1577 Component Recognition Program |
| Basic Insulation Maximum Transient Overvoltage, $6000 V_{PK}$ Maximum Working Voltage, $1414 V_{PK}$ | $5000 V_{RMS}$ Reinforced Insulation, $400 V_{RMS}$ maximum working voltage $5000 V_{RMS}$ Basic Insulation, $600 V_{RMS}$ maximum working voltage | $5000 V_{RMS}$ Reinforced Insulation 2 Means of Patient Protection at $125 V_{RMS}$ per IEC 60601-1 (3rd Ed.) | Single Protection, $4243 V_{RMS}^{(1)}$ |
| File Number: 40016131 | Certificate Number: U8V 11 08 77311 005 | File Number: 220991 | File Number: E181974 |

(1) Production tested $\geq 5092 V_{RMS}$ for 1 second in accordance with UL 1577.

IEC SAFETY LIMITING VALUES

Safety limiting intends to prevent potential damage to the isolation barrier upon failure of input or output circuitry. A failure of the IO can allow low resistance to ground or the supply and, without current limiting, dissipate sufficient power to overheat the die and damage the isolation barrier potentially leading to secondary system failures.

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|-----|-----|-----|------------------|----|
| I_S Safety input, output, or supply current | DW-16 | $\theta_{JA} = 72 \text{ }^\circ\text{C/W}$, $V_I = 5.5\text{V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | | | 316 | mA |
| | | $\theta_{JA} = 72 \text{ }^\circ\text{C/W}$, $V_I = 3.6\text{V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | | | 482 | |
| | | $\theta_{JA} = 72 \text{ }^\circ\text{C/W}$, $V_I = 2.7\text{V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | | | 643 | |
| T_S Maximum case temperature | | | | | | 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | |

The safety-limiting constraint is the absolute maximum junction temperature specified in the absolute maximum ratings table. The power dissipation and junction-to-air thermal impedance of the device installed in the application hardware determines the junction temperature. The assumed junction-to-air thermal resistance in the *Thermal Information* table is that of a device installed on a High-K Test Board for Leaded Surface Mount Packages. The power is the recommended maximum input voltage times the current. The junction temperature is then the ambient temperature plus the power times the junction-to-air thermal resistance.

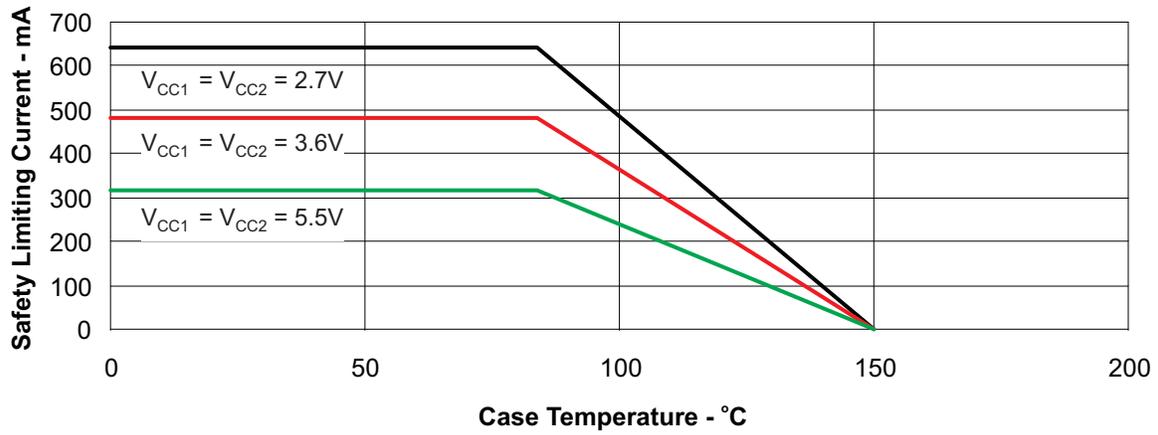


Figure 5. DW-16 θ_{JC} Thermal Derating Curve per IEC 60747-5-2

APPLICATION INFORMATION

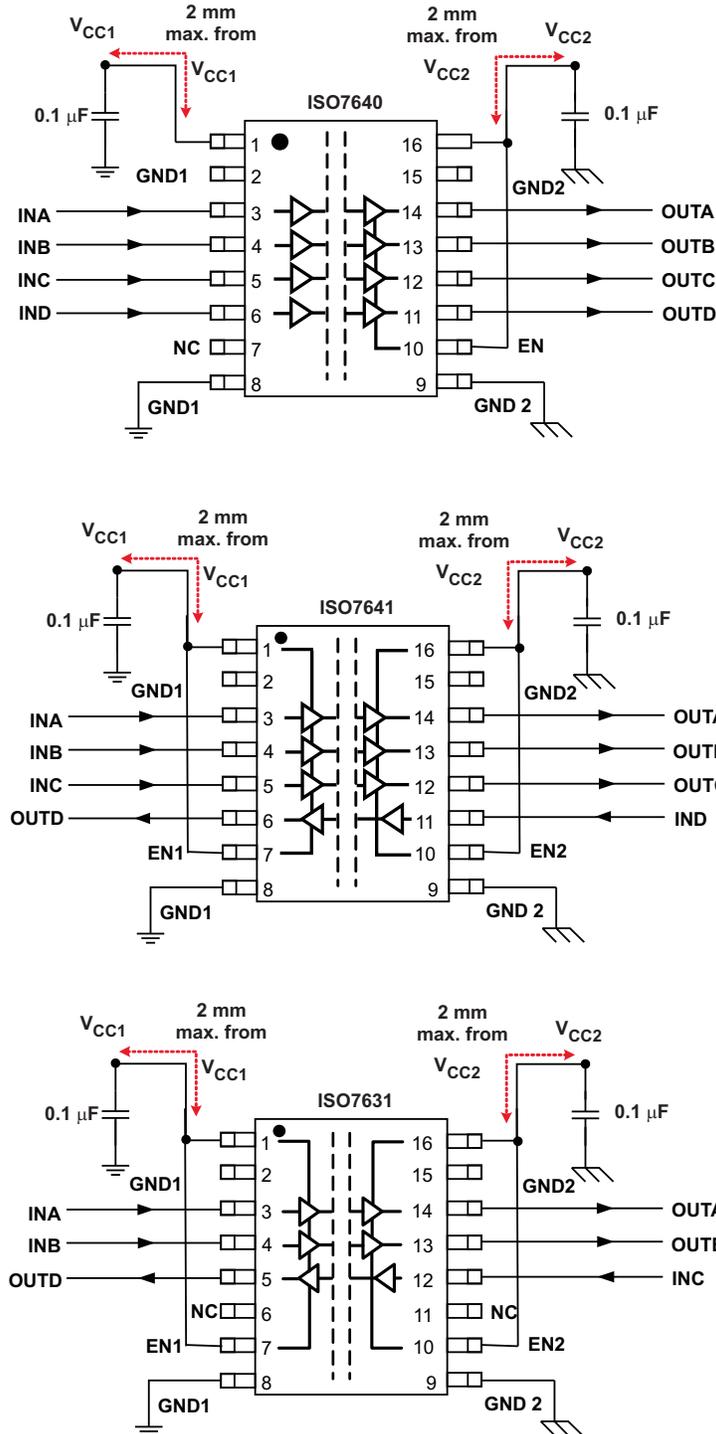


Figure 6. Typical ISO7640, ISO7641 and ISO7631 Application Circuit

Note: For detailed layout recommendations, see Application Note [SLLA284](#), *Digital Isolator Design Guide*.

TYPICAL SUPPLY CURRENT EQUATIONS

(Calculated based on room temperature and typical Silicon process)

ISO7631FM:

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 1.8072 + 0.0244 \times f + 0.0016 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 2.4625 + 0.0252 \times f + 0.0033 \times f \times C_L$$

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 2.3183 + 0.04 \times f + 0.0025 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 3.2582 + 0.0403 \times f + 0.0049 \times f \times C_L$$

ISO7640FM:

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 0.388 + 0.0312 \times f$$

$$I_{CC2} = 3.39 + 0.03561 \times f + 0.006588 \times f \times C_L$$

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 0.584 + 0.05349 \times f$$

$$I_{CC2} = 4.184 + 0.05597 \times f + 0.009771 \times f \times C_L$$

ISO7641FM:

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 1.848 + 0.03233 \times f + 0.001645 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 3.005 + 0.03459 \times f + 0.0049395 \times f \times C_L$$

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 2.369 + 0.05385 \times f + 0.002448 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 3.857 + 0.05506 \times f + 0.007348 \times f \times C_L$$

ISO7631FC:

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 1.1762 + 0.0325 \times f + 0.0017 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 1.5285 + 0.0299 \times f + 0.0033 \times f \times C_L$$

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 1.6001 + 0.0528 \times f + 0.0025 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 2.2032 + 0.0475 \times f + 0.005 \times f \times C_L$$

ISO7640FC:

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 0.3209 + 0.0488 \times f$$

$$I_{CC2} = 1.9699 + 0.0385 \times f + 0.0066 \times f \times C_L$$

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 0.5038 + 0.0812 \times f$$

$$I_{CC2} = 2.6117 + 0.0603 \times f + 0.0101 \times f \times C_L$$

ISO7641FC:

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 1.2162 + 0.0462 \times f + 0.0017 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 1.8054 + 0.0411 \times f + 0.005 \times f \times C_L$$

$$\text{At } V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V$$

$$I_{CC1} = 1.6583 + 0.0757 \times f + 0.0025 \times f \times C_L$$

$$I_{CC2} = 2.5008 + 0.0655 \times f + 0.0076 \times f \times C_L$$

I_{CC1} and I_{CC2} are typical supply currents measured in mA; f is data rate measured in Mbps; C_L is the capacitive load on each channel measured in pF.

(Calculated based on room temperature and typical Silicon process)

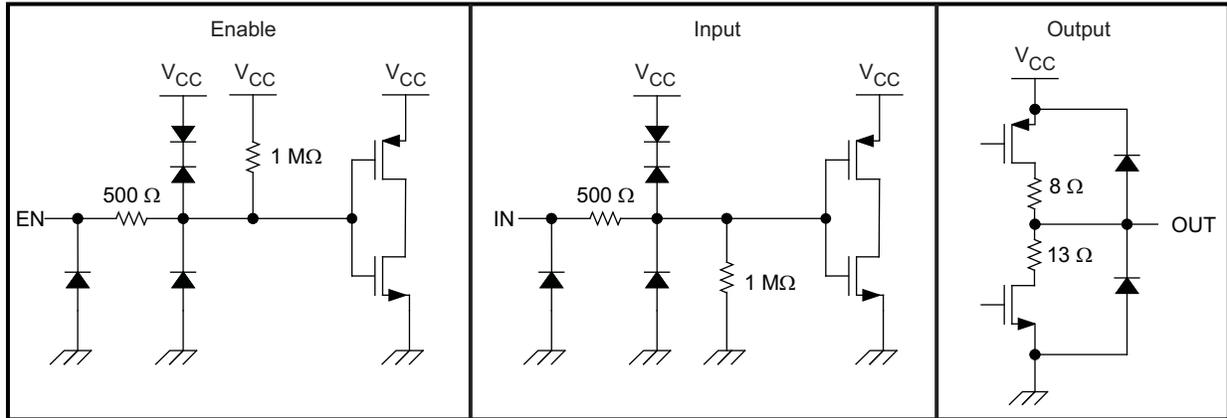


Figure 7. Device I/O Schematics

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

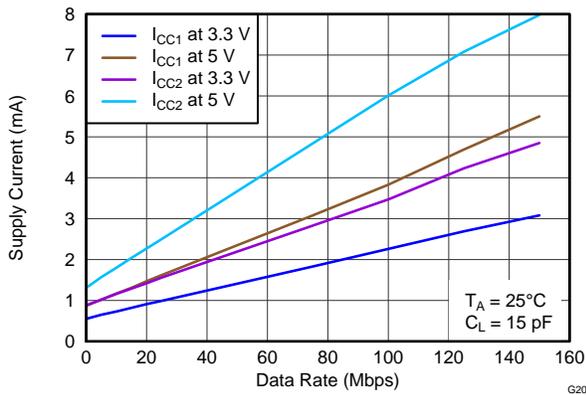


Figure 8. ISO7631FM Supply Current Per Channel vs Data Rate

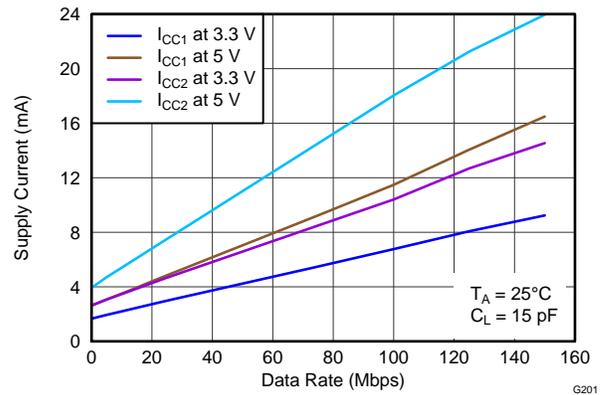


Figure 9. ISO7631FM Supply Current For All Channels vs Data Rate

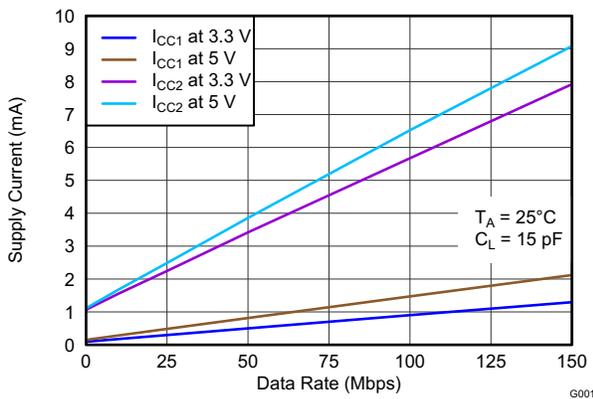


Figure 10. ISO7640FM Supply Current Per Channel vs Data Rate

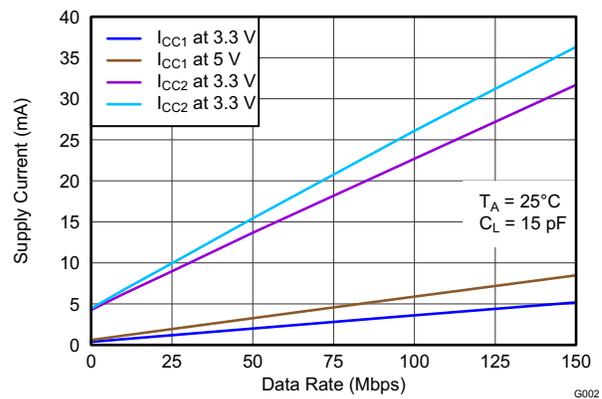


Figure 11. ISO7640FM Supply Current For All Channels vs Data Rate

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

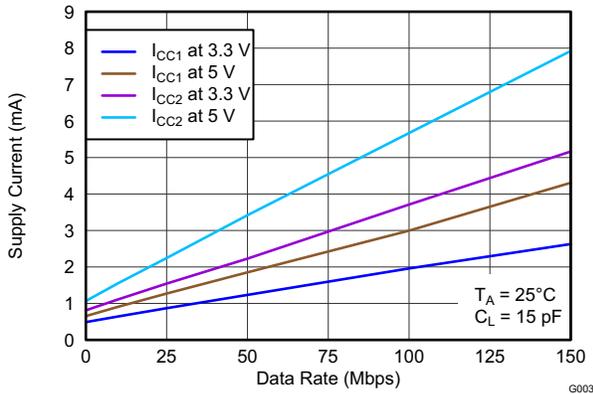


Figure 12. ISO7641FM Supply Current Per Channel vs Data Rate

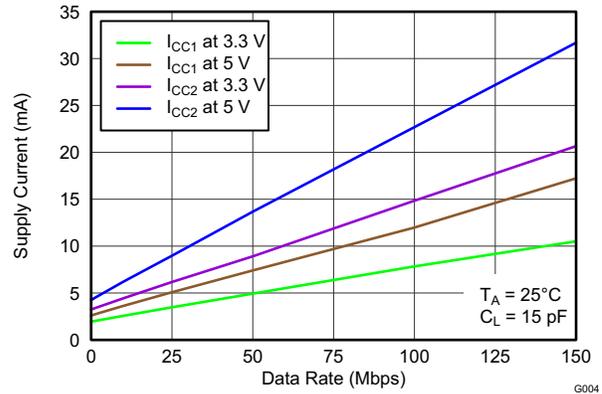


Figure 13. ISO7641FM Supply Current For All Channels vs Data Rate

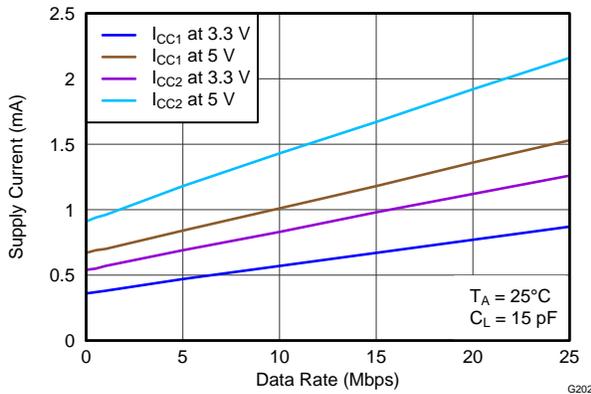


Figure 14. ISO7631FC Supply Current Per Channel vs Data Rate

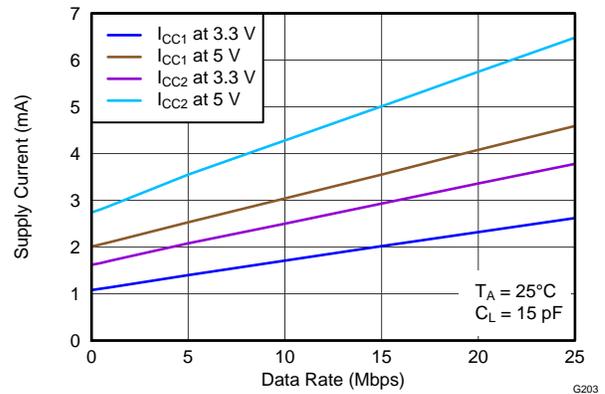


Figure 15. ISO7631FC Supply Current For All Channels vs Data Rate

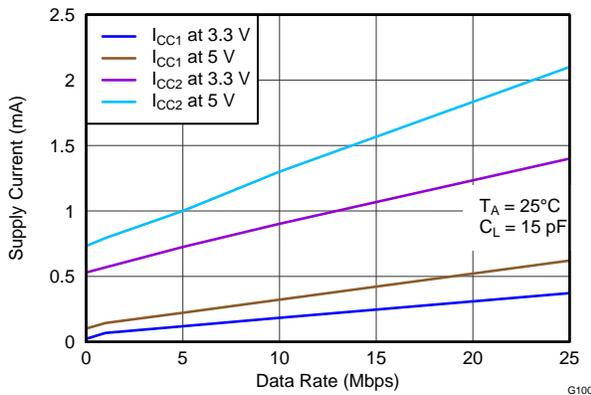


Figure 16. ISO7640FC Supply Current Per Channel vs Data Rate

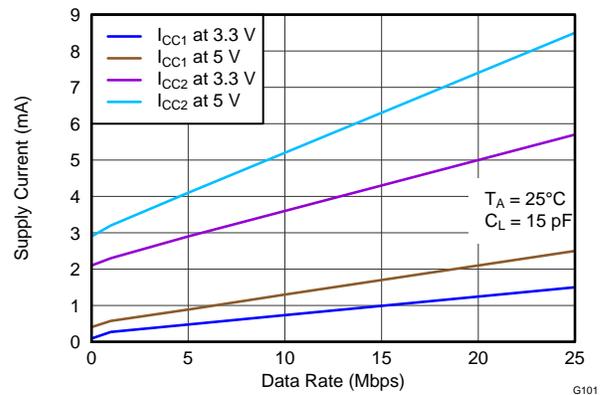


Figure 17. ISO7640FC Supply Current For All Channels vs Data Rate

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

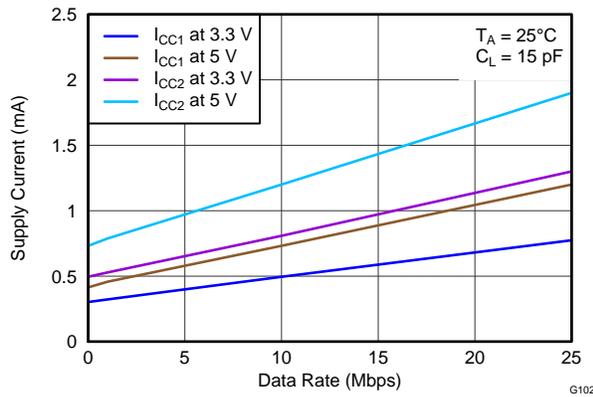


Figure 18. ISO7641FC Supply Current Per Channel vs Data Rate

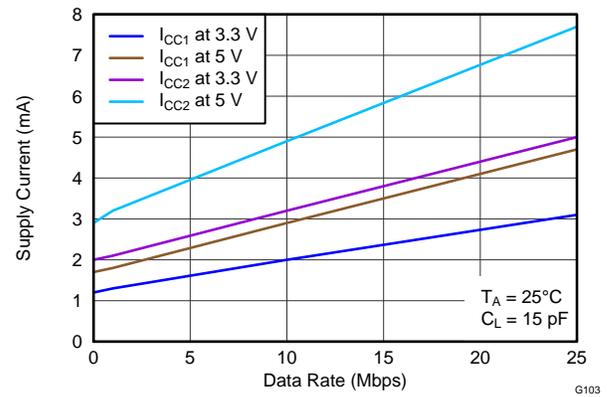


Figure 19. ISO7641FC Supply Current For All Channels vs Data Rate

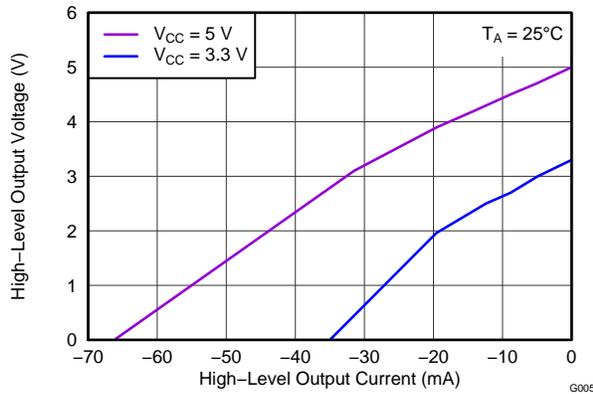


Figure 20. M-Grade High-Level Output Voltage vs High-Level Output Current

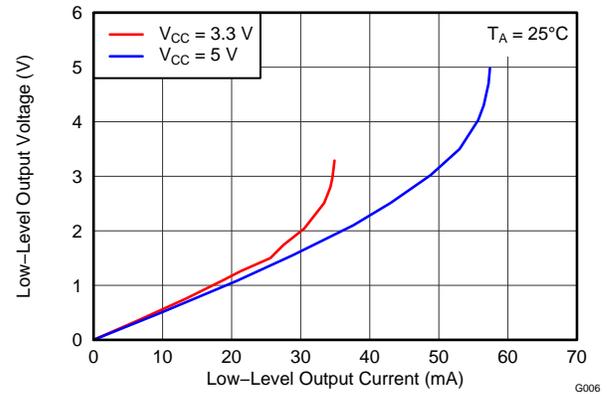


Figure 21. M-Grade Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

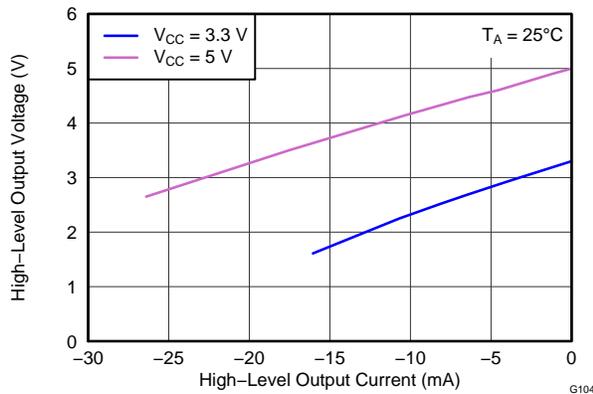


Figure 22. C-Grade High-Level Output Voltage vs High-Level Output Current

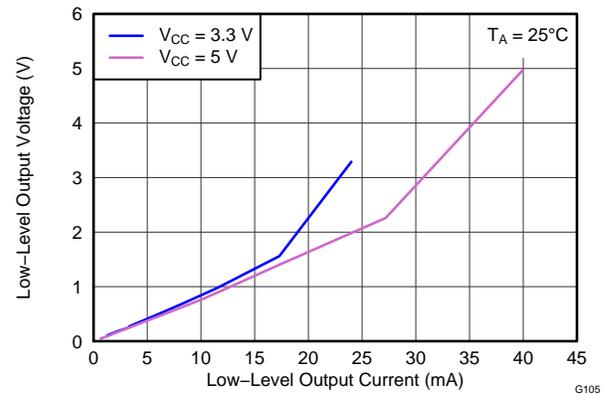


Figure 23. C-Grade Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

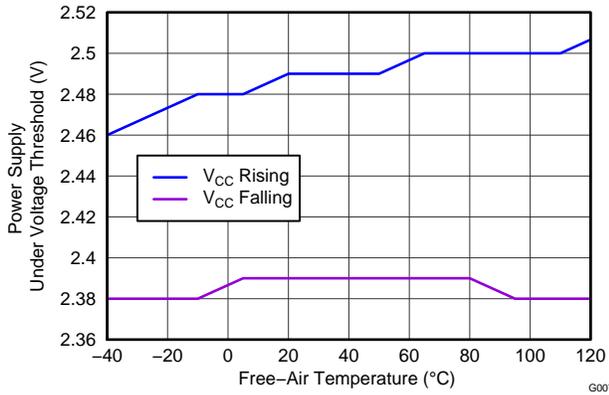


Figure 24. V_{CC} Undervoltage Threshold vs Free Air Temperature

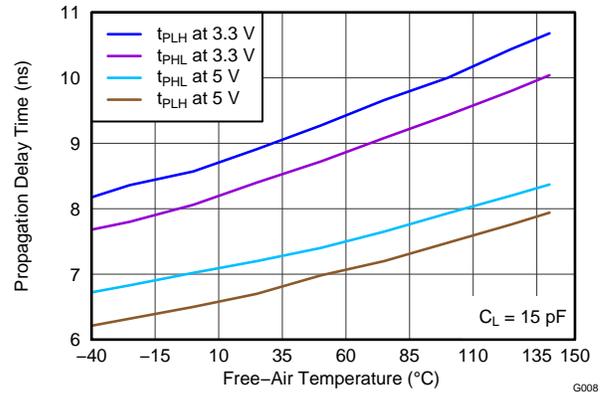


Figure 25. M-Grade Propagation Delay Time vs Free Air Temperature

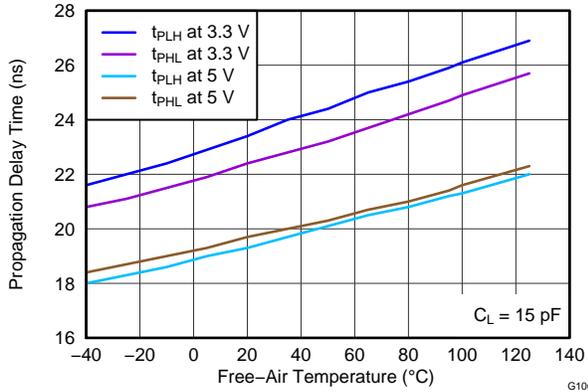


Figure 26. C-Grade Propagation Delay Time vs Free Air Temperature

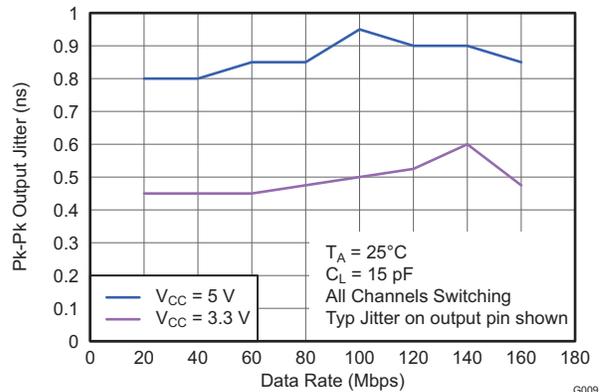


Figure 27. M-Grade Output Jitter vs Data Rate

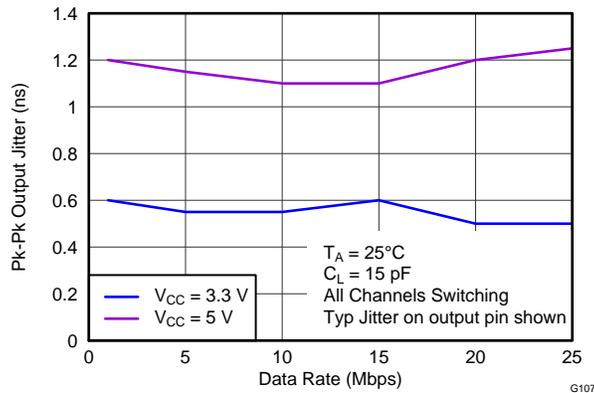


Figure 28. C-Grade Output Jitter vs Data Rate

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

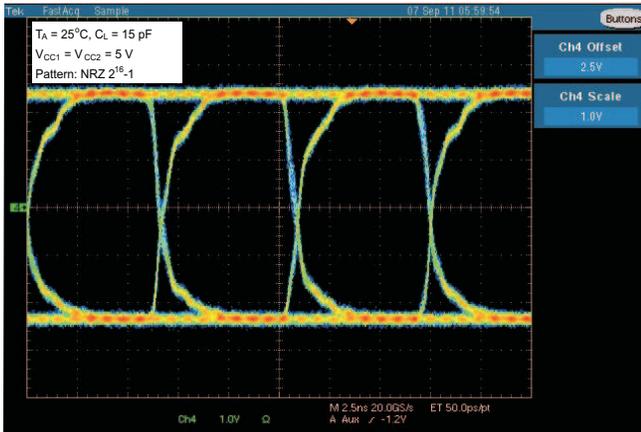


Figure 29. M-Grade Typical Eye Diagram at 150 Mbps, 5 V Operation

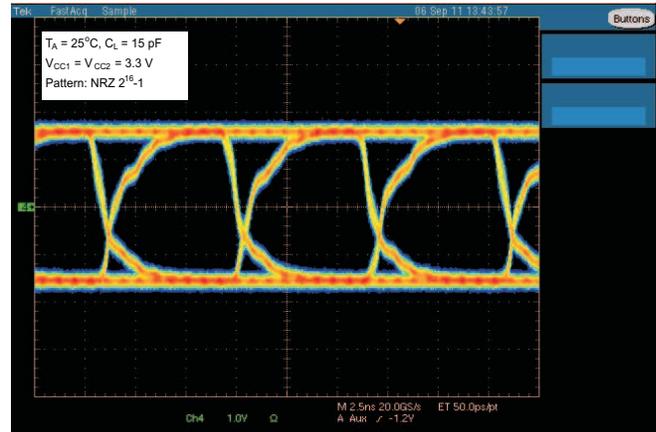


Figure 30. M-Grade Typical Eye Diagram at 150 Mbps, 3.3 V Operation

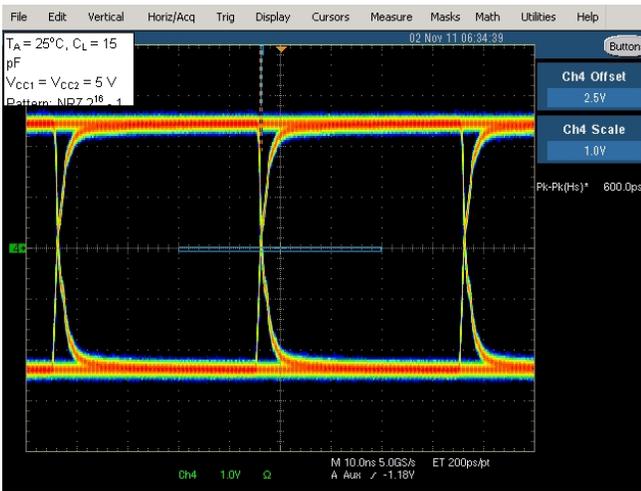


Figure 31. C-Grade Typical Eye Diagram at 25 Mbps, 5 V Operation

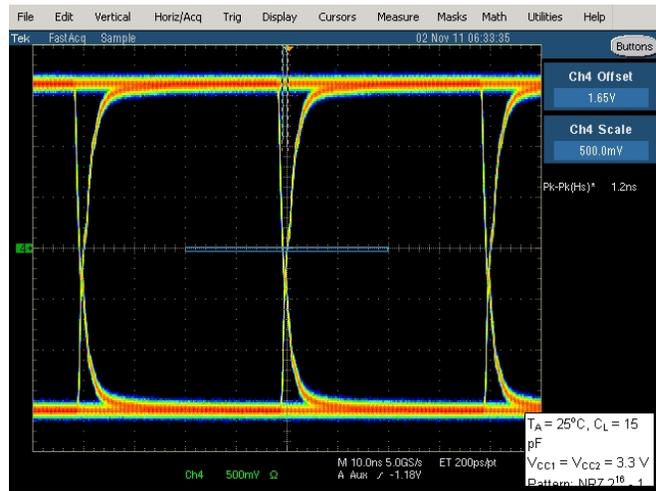


Figure 32. C-Grade Typical Eye Diagram at 25 Mbps, 3.3 V Operation

REVISION HISTORY

| Changes from Original (September 2011) to Revision A | Page |
|---|-------------|
| • Changed Figure 3 - From: 0 V or V_{CC} To: $I_N = V_{CC}$ | 16 |
| • Added Note (1) "Per JEDEC package dimensions" to the IEC INSULATION AND SAFETY-RELATED SPECIFICATIONS FOR DW-16 PACKAGE table | 17 |
| • Changed L(I01) Min Value From: 8 mm To: 8.3 mm | 17 |
| • Changed L(I02) Min Value From: 7.8 mm To: 8.1 mm | 17 |
| • Added pinout for ISO7641 and ISO7631 to Figure 6 | 20 |

| Changes from Revision A (October 2011) to Revision B | Page |
|---|-------------|
| • Changed feature bullet From: ISO7641FC: 1.2 mA at 10 Mbps To: ISO7641FC: 1.3 mA at 10 Mbps | 1 |
| • Changed Safety and Regulatory Approvals bullet From: 6 KV_{PK} for 1 Minute per UL1577 and VDE (Pending) To: 6000 V_{PK} / 4243 V_{RMS} for 1 Minute per UL 1577 (pending) | 1 |
| • Changed Safety and Regulatory Approvals bullet From: To: 6000 V_{PK} / 4243 V_{RMS} for 1 Minute per UL 1577 (approved) | 1 |
| • Changed Safety and Regulatory Approvals bullet From: CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A, IEC 60601-1 Medical Standard (pending) To: CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A, IEC 60601-1 Medical Standard (approved) | 1 |
| • ISO7640FC - Removed Product Preview status | 3 |
| • ISO7641FC - Removed Product Preview status | 3 |
| • Changed all the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS tables | 5 |
| • Changed all the SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS tables | 5 |
| • Changed the SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS table ISO7640F and ISO7641F C-Grade values | 6 |
| • Changed the SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS table ISO7640F and ISO7641F C-Grade values | 8 |
| • Changed the SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS table ISO7640F and ISO7641F C-Grade values | 10 |
| • Changed the SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS table ISO7640F and ISO7641F C-Grade values | 12 |
| • Changed the SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS table ISO7640F and ISO7641F C-Grade values | 14 |
| • Changed the IEC 60664-1 Ratings Table | 18 |

| Changes from Revision B (December 2011) to Revision C | Page |
|---|-------------|
| • Changed Safety and Regulatory Approvals bullet From: 6000 V_{PK} / 4243 V_{RMS} for 1 Minute per UL1577 (pending) To: 6000 V_{PK} / 4243 V_{RMS} for 1 Minute per UL 1577 (approved) | 1 |
| • Changed Description text From: The devices have TTL input thresholds and can operate from 2.7 V, 3.3 V and 5 V supplies. To: The devices have TTL input thresholds and can operate from 2.7 V (M-Grade), 3.3 V and 5 V supplies. | 2 |
| • Deleted the Product Preview Note From the Available Options Table | 3 |
| • Changed the ESD standards | 4 |
| • Changed UL in the REGULATORY INFORMATION Table From: File Number: E181974 (Approval Pending) To: File Number: E181974 | 18 |
| • Changed the typical characteristics section | 22 |

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status ⁽¹⁾ | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan ⁽²⁾ | Lead/ Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾ | Samples (Requires Login) |
|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ISO7631FCDW | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | |
| ISO7631FCDWR | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | |
| ISO7631FMDW | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7631FMDWR | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7640FCDW | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7640FCDWR | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7640FMDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7640FMDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7641FCDW | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7641FCDWR | PREVIEW | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7641FMDW | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |
| ISO7641FMDWR | ACTIVE | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

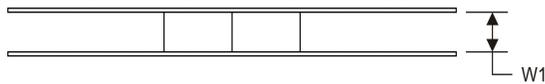
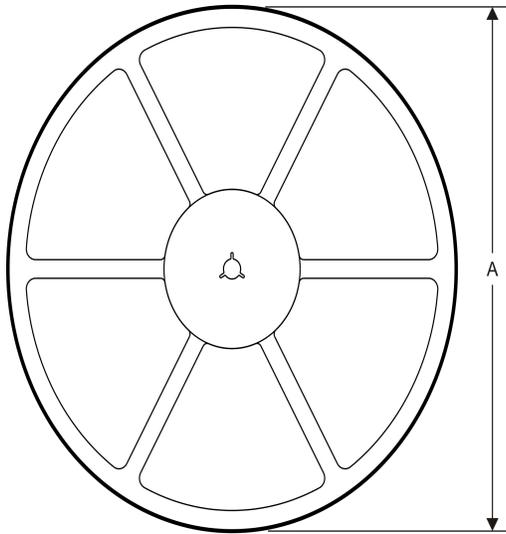
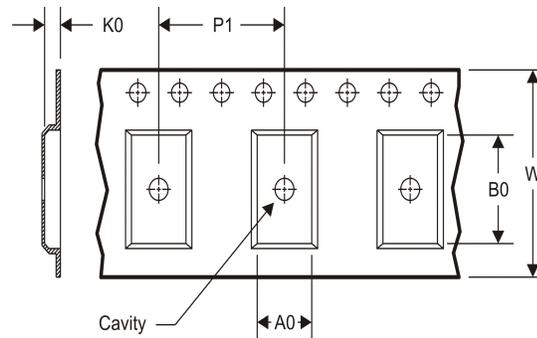
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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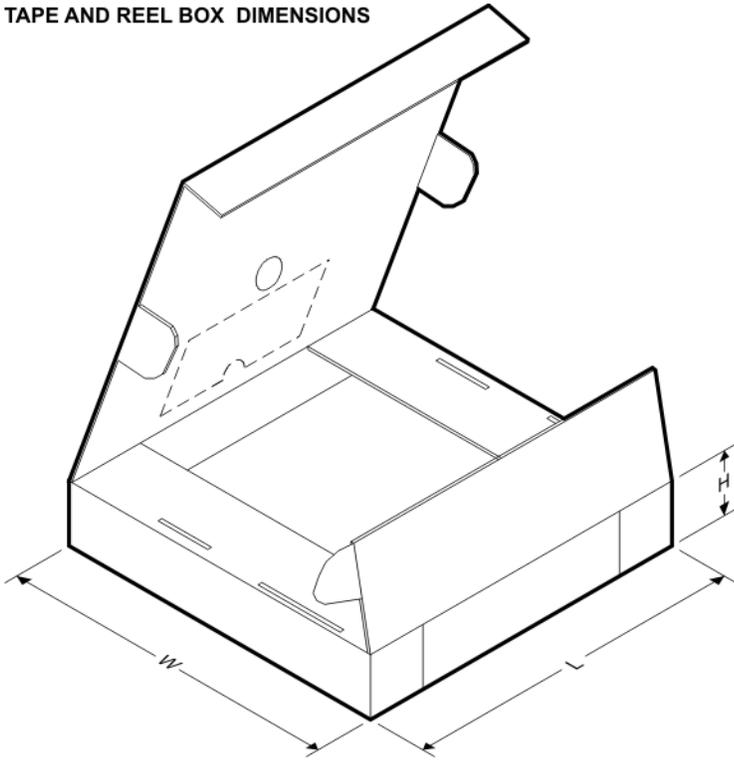
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION
REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS


| | |
|----|---|
| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| ISO7640FMDWR | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 10.75 | 10.7 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| ISO7641FMDWR | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 10.75 | 10.7 | 2.7 | 12.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |

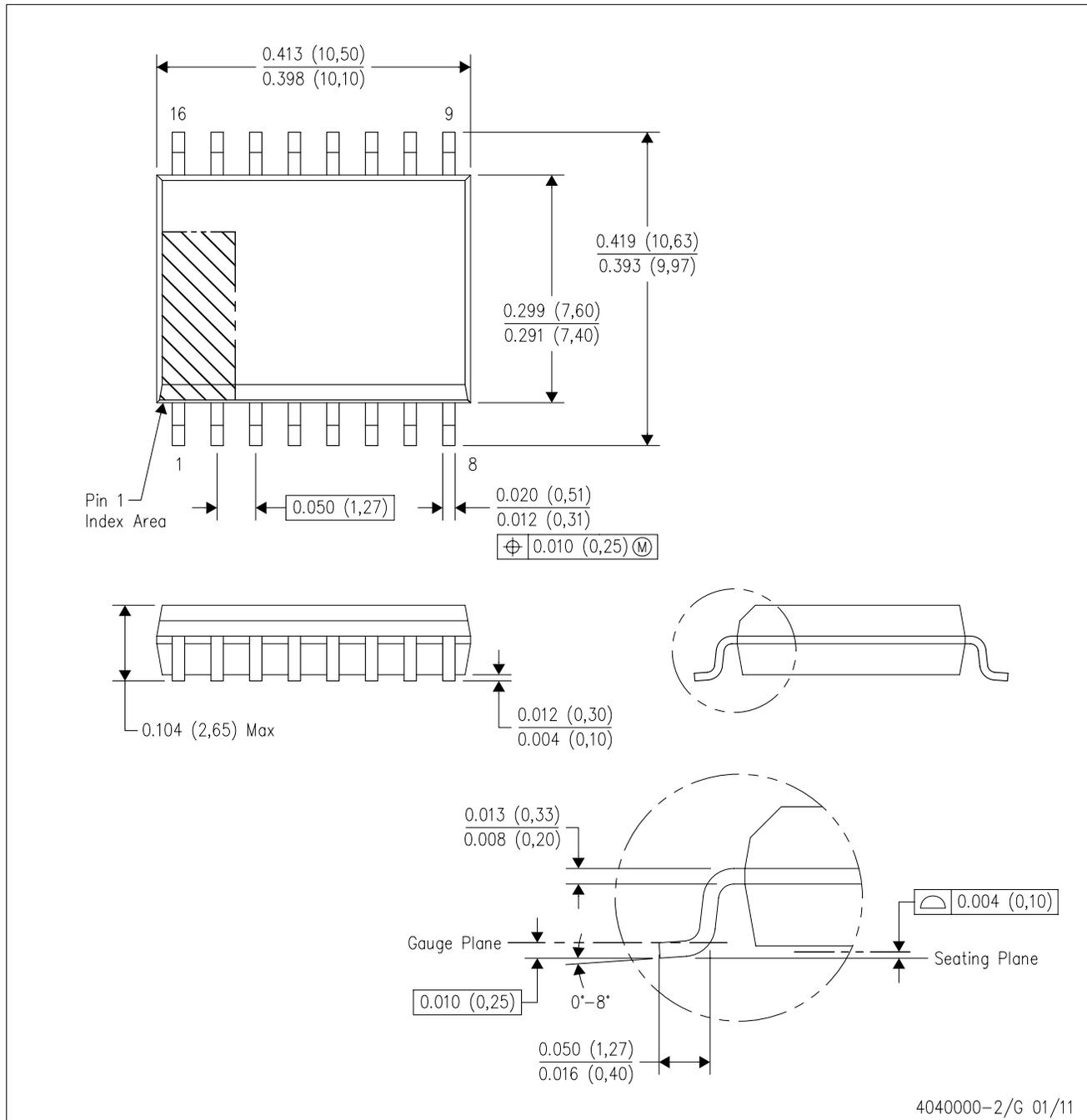
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| ISO7640FMDWR | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| ISO7641FMDWR | SOIC | DW | 16 | 2000 | 533.4 | 186.0 | 36.0 |

DW (R-PDSO-G16)

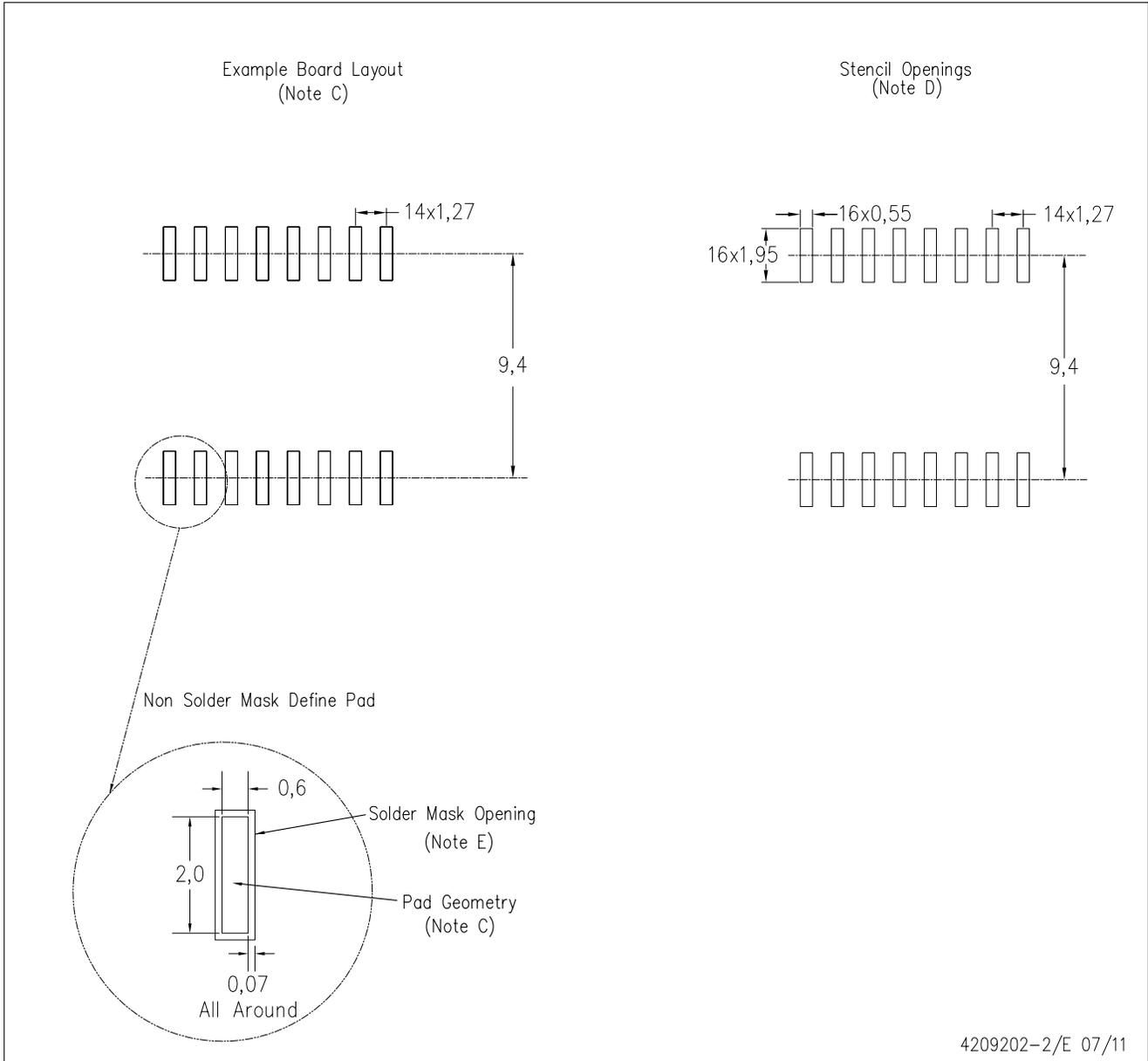
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AA.

DW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4209202-2/E 07/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Refer to IPC7351 for alternate board design.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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